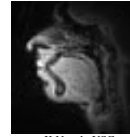


Motion Related Contrast in MRI

Eric Wong



Types of Motion in the Body

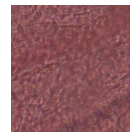


K.Nayak, USC

Gross

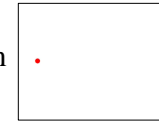


Cardiac

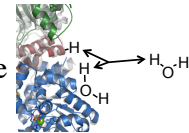


Blood Flow
Perfusion

Diffusion



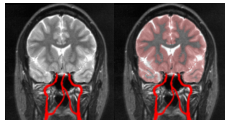
Exchange



<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wu01vf4ORM>

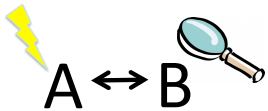
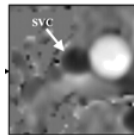
MR Tools for Encoding Motion

Cinematography



Time of Flight
(M_z , T_1)

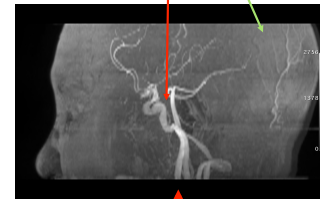
Phase Contrast
(M_{xy} , T_2)



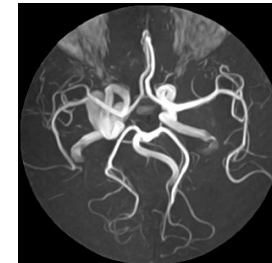
Indirect

Time of Flight MRA

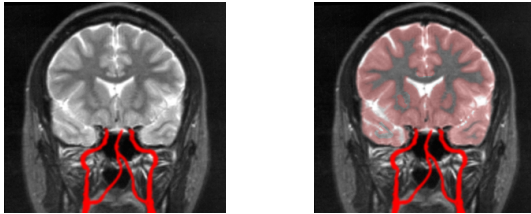
- Spoiled gradient echo with high flip angle and short TR
- Static magnetization becomes highly saturated
- Relaxed inflowing blood has much higher signal



Relaxed
Blood Magnetization



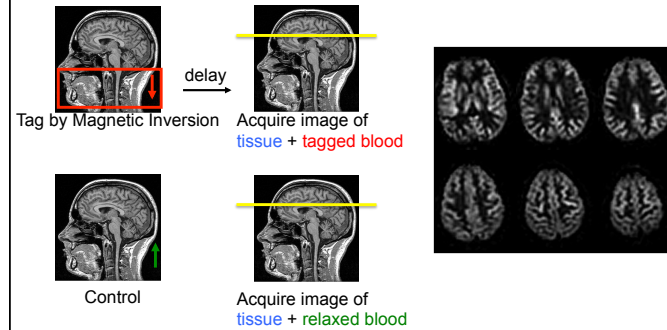
Arterial Spin Labeling



RF

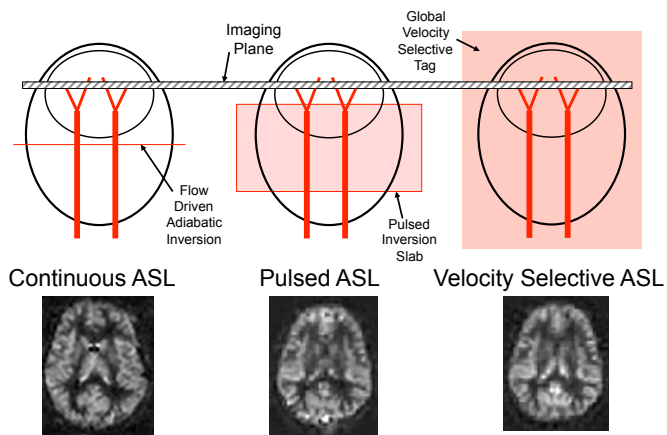
- Using RF pulses, modify (label) the longitudinal magnetization of arterial blood water, typically by inversion.
- Decay constant is T_1 (~1.5s)
- Wait for labeled blood to flow to target tissue
- Measure labeled magnetization in target tissue
- Delivery time is ~1s

The ASL Measurement

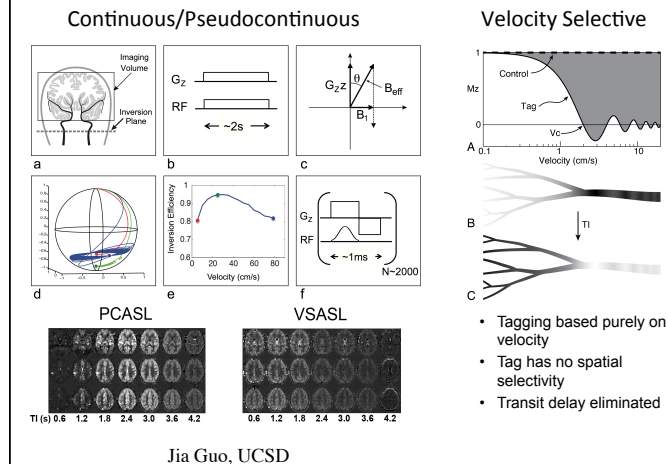


$$\text{ASL Signal} = \text{Control} - \text{Tag} \propto \text{Perfusion}$$

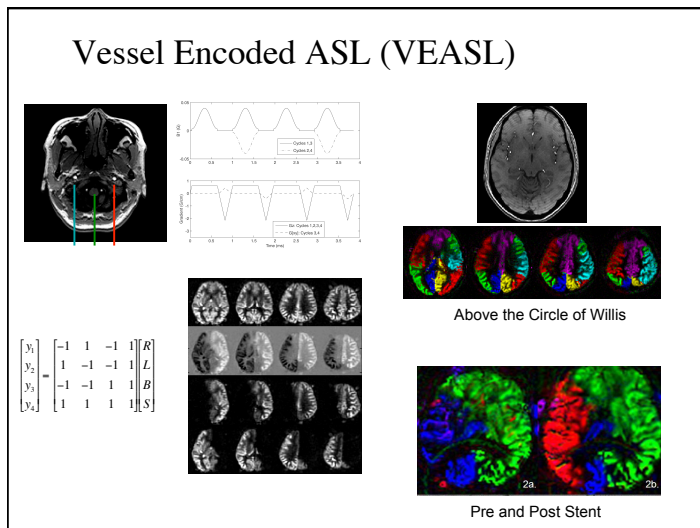
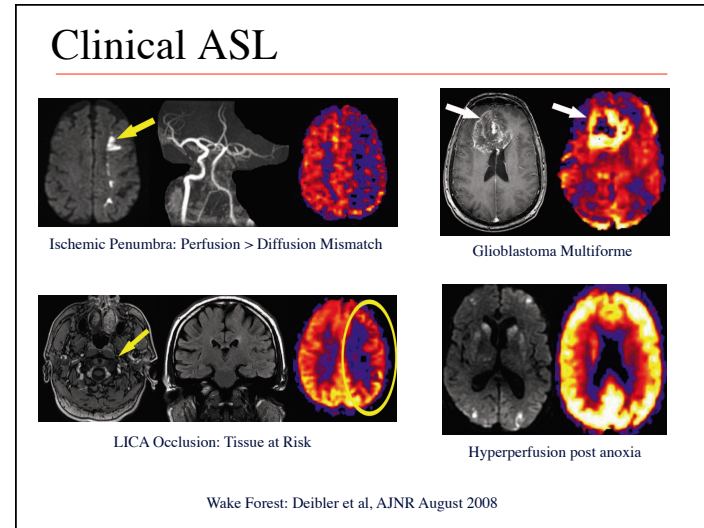
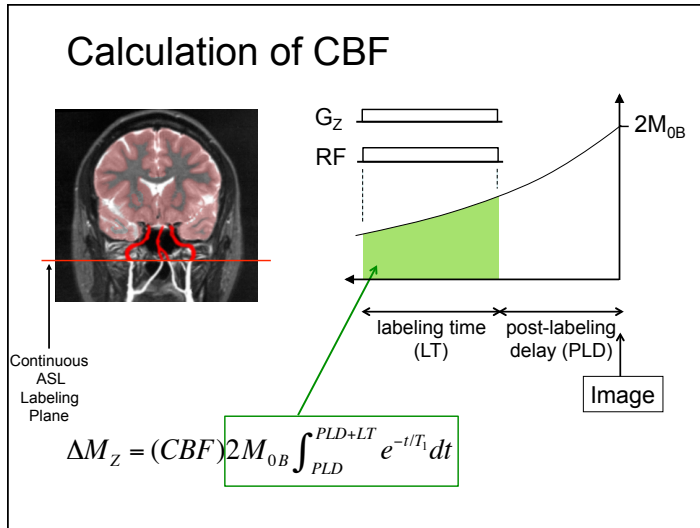
Classes of ASL Labeling Methods



ASL Labeling



Jia Guo, UCSD



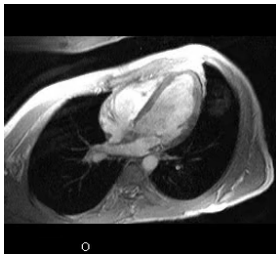
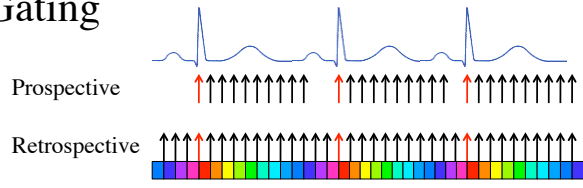
Cardiac MRI - Goals

Metric	MRI	Competing
Function - Ejection Fraction	Cine	Echocardiography
Function - Contractility	Myocardial Tagging	
Function - Valves	Cine	Echocardiography
Coronary Arteries	Gated TOF	Cardiac Catheterization
Perfusion	Gd Bolus, ASL	SPECT, PET, CT

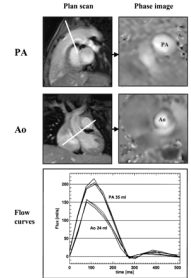
Main Challenge: MOTION

- Beating
- Respiration
- Patient

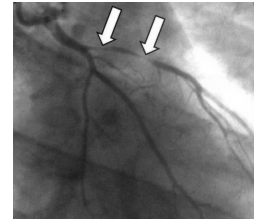
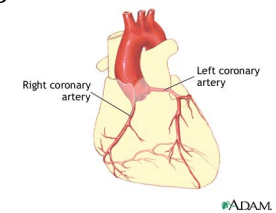
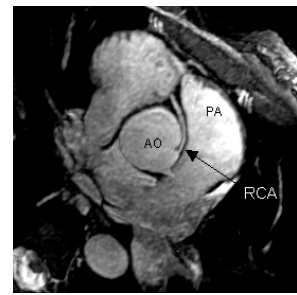
Gating



<http://youtu.be/BhMFhbc2Jg>

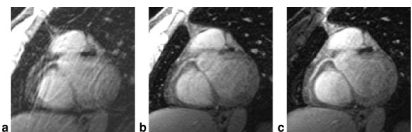
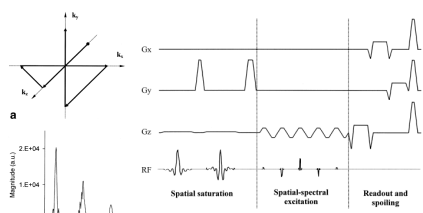
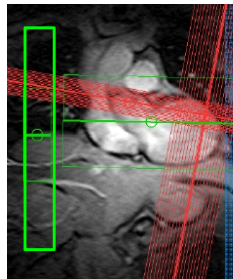


Coronary Arteries



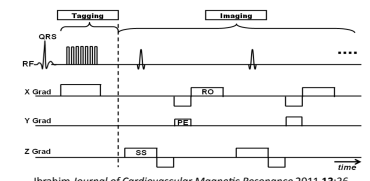
Gating/Navigation

- Cardiac Gating
- Respiratory Gating
- Breath hold
- Navigation
- Data filtering

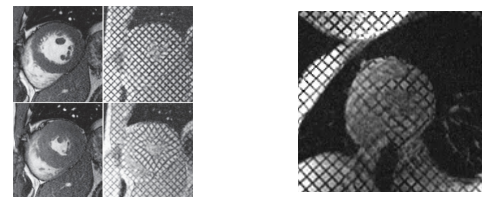


a Gated, no nav b +diaphragm nav c +fat nav

Myocardial Tagging

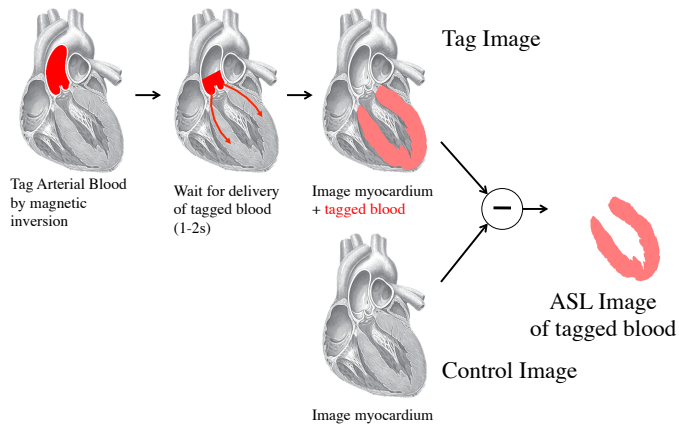


Ibrahim *Journal of Cardiovascular Magnetic Resonance* 2011 13:36
doi:10.1186/1532-429X-13-36

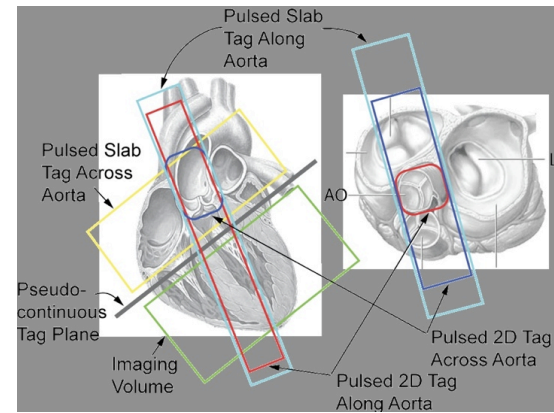


Aggarwal N R et al. (2009)
Nat Rev Cardiol doi:10.1038/nrcardio.2009.189

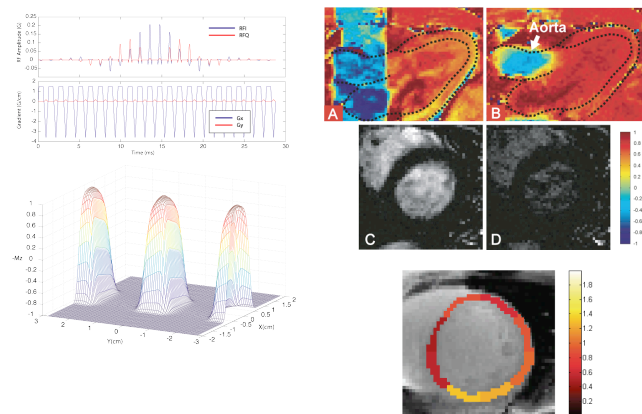
Arterial Spin Labeling



ASL Tagging Schemes



2D Pulsed Tagging



Break


Plug for BE278: MRI Lab

Week	Lecture	Lab
1	Hardware Overview	Scanner Safety Collect 2D image data, reconstruct image
2	K-space	2D Spinwarp imaging Chemical shift SNR
3	Spin Echoes Gradient Echoes Coherence Pathways	Spin Echoes and Gradient Echoes Generate an interferogram
4	Fast Imaging	EPI, FSE and bSSFP
5	Excitation RF pulses	Design and test an RF pulse Spatial-Spectral Pulses
6	Motion Encoding	MRA, cardiac imaging
7	RF Coils	Build an RF coil
8-10	Final Projects	TBD

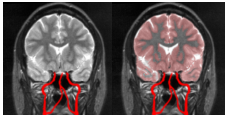
<http://cfmriweb.ucsd.edu/ecwong/BE278W14.html>

MR Tools for Encoding Motion

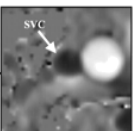
Cinematography

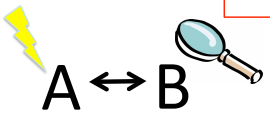


Time of Flight
(M_z, T_1)



Phase Contrast
(M_{xy}, T_2)





Indirect

Encoding M_{XY} for Motion: Phase Contrast

Phase from Motion:

$$\omega = \gamma B$$

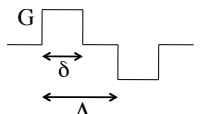
$$\phi(t) = \int \gamma B(t) dt$$

$$= \int \gamma \vec{G}(t) \cdot \vec{r}(t) dt$$

$$= \int \gamma \vec{G}(t) (\vec{r}_0 + \vec{V}t + \dots) dt$$

$$= \underbrace{\vec{r}_0 \cdot \int \gamma \vec{G}(t) dt}_{\text{Zeroth Moment } (m_0) = k} + \underbrace{\vec{V} \cdot \int \gamma \vec{G}(t) t dt + \dots}_{\text{First (flow) Moment } (m_1)}$$

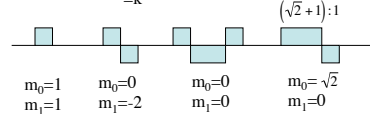
Bipolar Gradient:



$m_1 = \gamma G \delta \Delta$

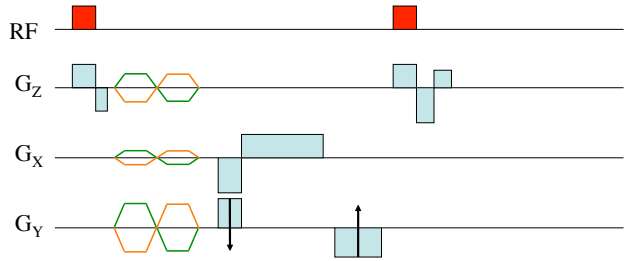
How Big can m_1 be?
 For: $G=4G/cm$
 $\delta=\Delta=50ms$

- π per $6\mu m$
- $VENC = \text{velocity for } \phi = \pi = 6\mu m / 50ms = 0.12mm/ms$



$m_0=1, m_1=1$ $m_0=0, m_1=-2$ $m_0=0, m_1=0$ $m_0=\sqrt{2}, m_1=0$

Phase Contrast MRA

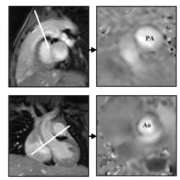


- One image with **velocity encoding positive**
- One image with **velocity encoding negative**
- Vector sum of gradients determines direction of encoding
- Display phase difference between images
- Phase difference subtracts out off-resonance and other phase effects

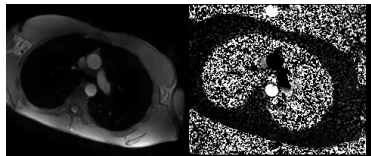
Phase Contrast MRA

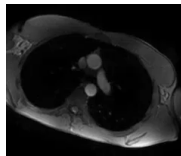
- Phase proportional to velocity
- Quantify velocity from phase images

Plan scan

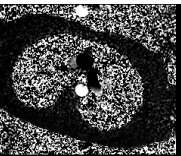


Phase image

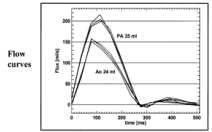




Magnitude

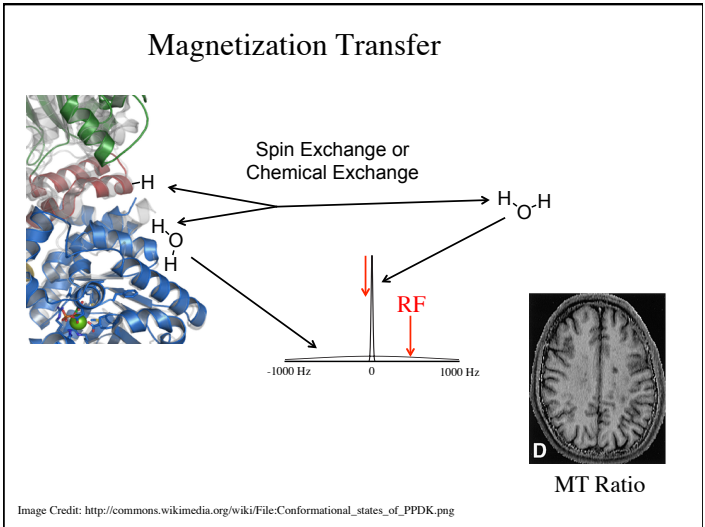
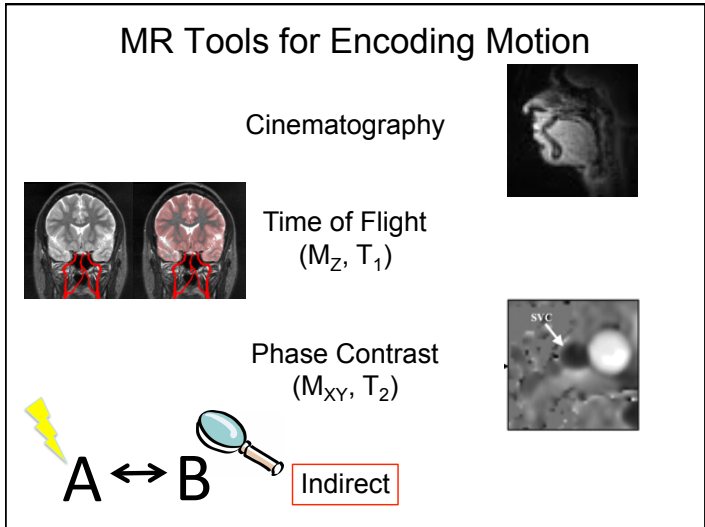
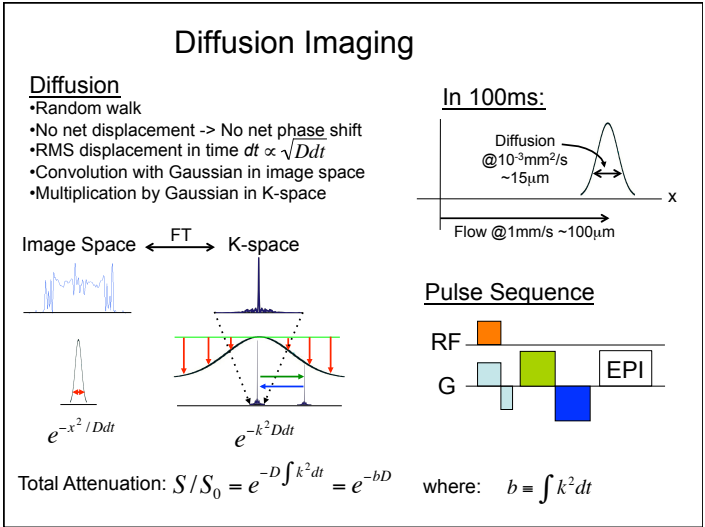
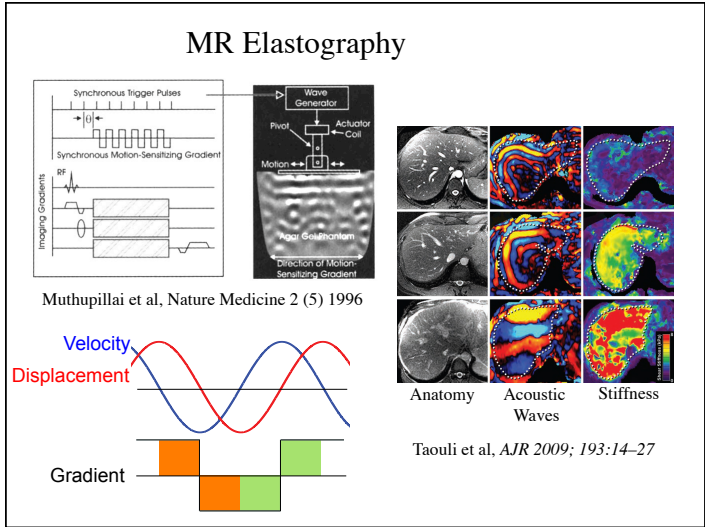


Phase

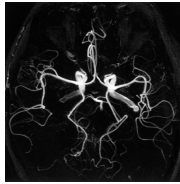


Flow curves

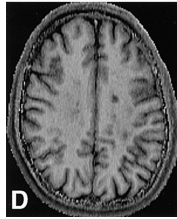
Bushberg: The Essential Physics of Medical Imaging, 2002.



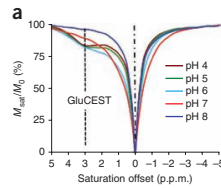
Magnetization Transfer: Applications



Static tissue suppression for MRA
Henkelman et al. *NMR Biomed.* 2001;14:57-64



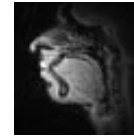
Lesion detection in MS
Pike G B et al. *Radiology* 2000;215:824-830



CEST:
Chemical Exchange
Saturation Transfer

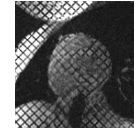
Cai et al. *Nature Medicine* 18, 302-306 (2012)
doi:10.1038/nm.2615

Summary

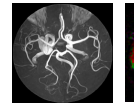


Movies

K.Nayak, USC

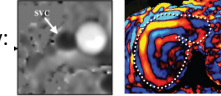


Cardiac:
Tagging,
Movies

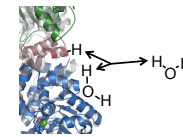
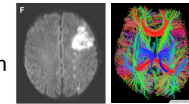


MRA, ASL: TOF

MRA, Elastography:
Phase Contrast



Diffusion:
Phase Dispersion



MT and CEST: Exchange

