Bioengineering 280A Principles of Biomedical Imaging

Fall Quarter 2015 Lecture 1

Object Imaging Device Reconstruction Algorithm Image of object

Goals of the Course

- 1. Develop a firm understanding of the fundamentals of biomedical imaging, including an appreciation for the common principles underlying the various modalities.
- 2. Gain a basic understanding of the physical principles underlying the major modalities, including X-ray, computed tomography, and MRI.
- 3. Introduction to current research applications.
- 4. Develop the ability to think critically about problems physical intuition combined with mathematical rigor

Brief History of Medical Imaging

- 1895 Roentgen discovers X-rays
- 1942 Dussik demonstrates transmission ultrasound in the brain.
- 1946 Bloch and Purcell discover nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR)
- 1972 Hounsfield develops the first computed tomography scanner.
- 1973 Lauterbur invents magnetic resonance imaging (MRI)
- 1974 Ledley develops the first whole body CT scanner.

X-Rays



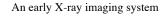
8 November 1895, Wilhelm Conrad Roentgen discovers X-rays. Receives first Nobel Prize in Physics in 1901.

22 November 1895 X-ray of Mrs. Roentegen's hand.



X-Ray

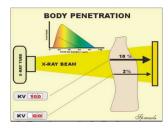






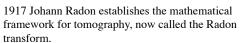


X-Ray





Computed Tomography



1963. Allan Cormack publishes mathematical analysis of tomographic image reconstruction. Is unaware of Radon's work.

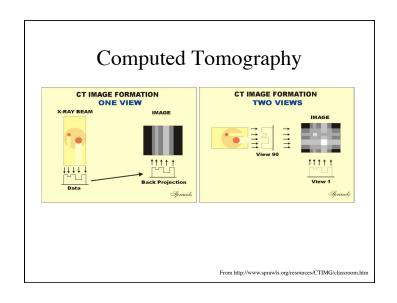
1972 Godfrey Hounsfield develops first CT system. Unaware of either Radon or Cormack's work, develops his own reconstruction method.

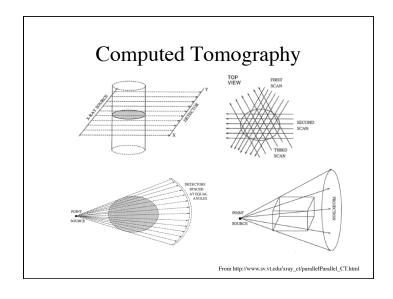
1979 Hounsfield and Cormack receive the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine.

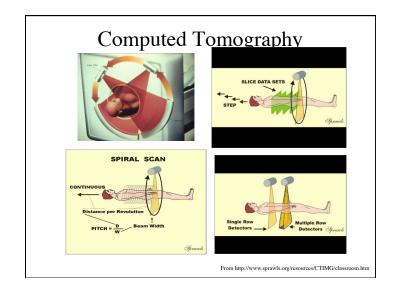


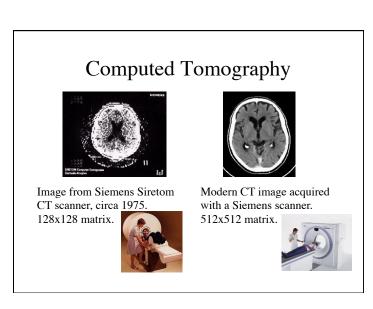


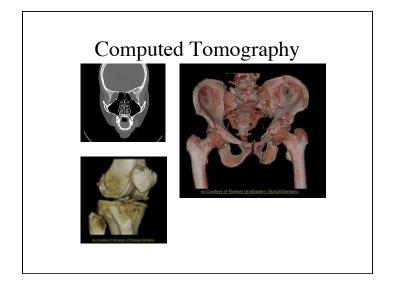


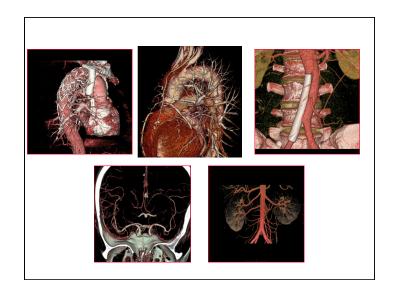


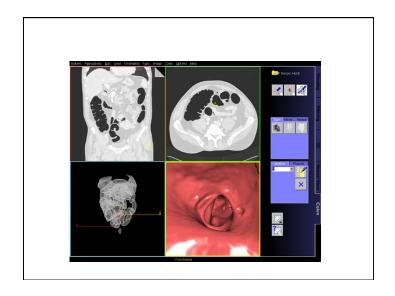


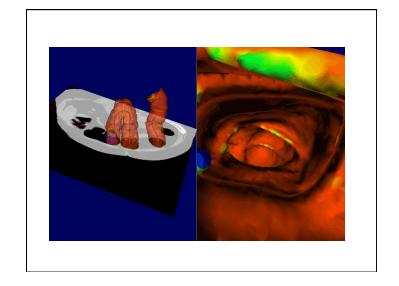












History of Ultrasound



1942 Dr.Karl Theodore Dussik Transmission ultrasound investigation of the brain First published work on medical ultrasonics.

History of Ultrasound



Holmes and Howry, 1955 Subject submerged in water tank to achieve good acoustic coupling. Image of normal neck.

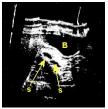




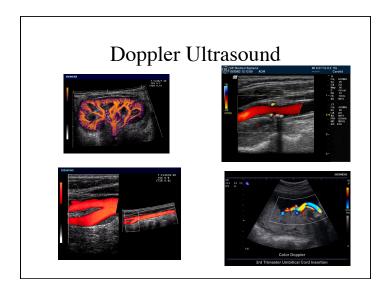


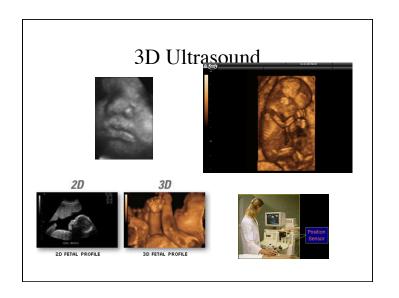
Automatic scanner, Glasgow, ca 1959. Image shows twin gestation sacs (s) and bladder (B).

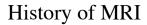
















1946: Felix Bloch (Stanford) and Edward Purcell (Harvard) demonstrate nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR)





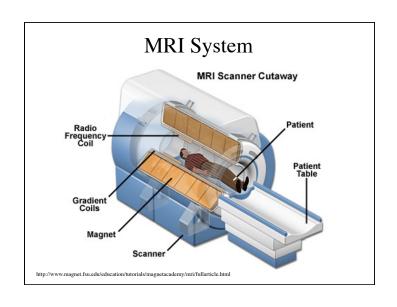
1973: Paul Lauterbur (SUNY) published first MRI image in Nature.

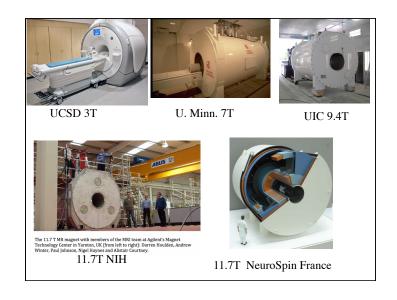
History of MRI

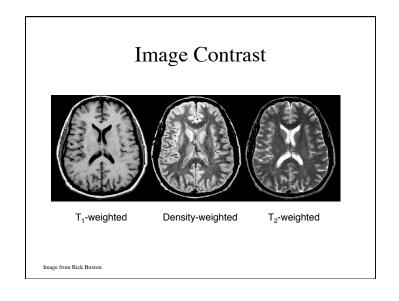
Late 1970's: First human MRI images

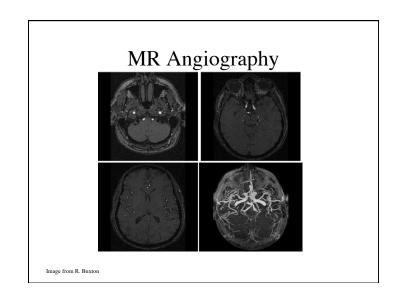
Early 1980's: First commercial MRI systems

1993: functional MRI in humans demonstrated









Perfusion Imaging with ASL

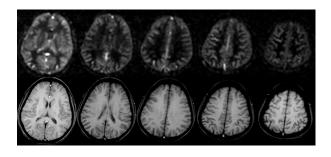


Image from E.C. Wong

Cardiac Imaging

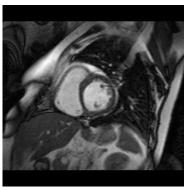


Image fromhttp://www.bidmc.harvard.edu/cmr/smash/smash.html

Cardiac Tagging

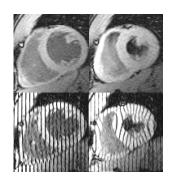


Image from http://www.mri.jhu.edu/~emcveigh/LabIntrøtagging.html

